

Exercise Sheet

Quantified Boolean Formulas

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1. Let A be a propositional formula. For simplicity, assume that each variable of A is among the free variables of $\exists p \Psi(p)$. Prove the following: $\Psi(A) \rightarrow \exists p \Psi(p)$.

2. Reconsider trick 1 from the lecture slides and the propositional formula Φ :

$$(A \vee \neg B \vee C) \wedge (A \vee \neg B \vee \neg D) \wedge (A \vee \neg B \vee E)$$

Show that Ψ :

$$\exists y (y \leftrightarrow A \vee \neg B) \wedge (y \vee C) \wedge (y \vee \neg D) \wedge (y \vee E)$$

is logically equivalent to Φ .

3. Let Ψ be the following true formula:

$$\forall x \exists y \exists z ((x \vee y \vee z) \wedge (x \vee \neg y \vee z) \wedge (\neg x \vee y \vee z) \wedge (x \vee z) \wedge (\neg x \vee \neg z)).$$

Provide witness formulas for the existential quantifiers and a tree-like strategy which certify that Ψ is true.

4. Translate $\forall x (\exists y (x \leftrightarrow y) \wedge \forall z (x \oplus z))$ into PCNF by prenexing and Tseitin translation. Try to keep the number of quantifier alternations low!